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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
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EXAMINER

NADAV, ORI

| ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
|----------|--------------|
|----------|--------------|

2811

DATE MAILED: 10/11/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/448,856

Applicant(s)

LOTFI ET AL.

Examiner

ori nadav

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 June 2002.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 11-53 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 11-43 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 44-53 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 6.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____.

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 44-53 are objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 44 recited a MOSFET, including: a SiC tub located within or contacting a conductive substrate including a material different from the SiC tub. One can understand that the MOSFET includes a conductive substrate and a material different from the SiC tub. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
3. Claim 48 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. There is no support for SiC tub located within a trench, as recited in claim 48, since the embodiment of figure 3 does not disclose forming a trench.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which the subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 44-53, insofar as in compliance with 35 U.S.C. 112, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suzuki (4,896,194) in view of Brown (5,672,889).

Regarding claims 44-45, Suzuki teaches in figure 2b and related text a lateral MOSFET including a GaAs tub 31 (column 3, line 31) located within or contacting a conductive silicon substrate 32 including a material different from the GaAs tub, a gate 36 formed on the GaAs tub and source and drain regions located in the GaAs tub, and laterally offset from the gate, and CMOS device 39, 40 formed on the conductive substrate and having a tub comprising the material, wherein the breakdown voltage of SiC layer is greater than that of a silicon.

Suzuki does not teach a SIC tub.

Brown teaches a MOSFET formed in a SIC tub, and the advantages of forming a power MOSFET in a SIC material instead of a GaAs material. Brown teaches that SIC has a high field saturation velocity which is three times larger than that of GaAs, a high intrinsic critical breakdown field which is ten times higher than that of GaAs and a high

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thermal conductivity which is ten times higher than that of GaAs (column 1, lines 20-27).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the MOSFET of Suzuki in a SiC material, as taught by Brown, instead of forming the MOSFET in a GaAs material in order to improve the device characteristics by improving the speed, breakdown voltage and the thermal conductivity of the device.

Regarding claim 46, it is known in the art that a SiC has a breakdown voltage of 10 volts, and Si has a breakdown voltage of about 3 and 5 volts

Regarding claim 47, Suzuki and Brown teach a power device. Suzuki and Brown do not teach using the MOSFET and the CMOS device as a power switch for a power converter. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the MOSFET and the CMOS device of Suzuki and Brown as a power switch for a power converter in order to use the device in an application which requires a power switch and a power converter. Note that a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing

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the intended use, then it meets the claim. See *In re Casey*, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

Regarding claim 48, Suzuki and Brown do not teach a tub located in a trench. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the tub in a trench in Suzuki and Brown's device in order to improve the control over the size of the tub.

Regarding claim 49, Suzuki and Brown teach a tub located over the substrate.

Regarding claims 50-51, Suzuki and Brown teach a substrate and source and drain regions doped with a p or n type dopant.

Regarding claim 52, Suzuki and Brown do not teach forming the device on an SOI substrate. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form Suzuki and Brown's device on an SOI substrate in order to improve the electrical isolation of the device.

Regarding claim 53, Suzuki and Brown do not teach a 3C SiC. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use

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a 3C SiC in Suzuki and Brown's device, because 3C SiC is a conventional SiC, of which official notice is taken.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-10 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Reference C is cited as being related to SiC power device.

Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

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mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Papers related to this application may be submitted to Technology center (TC) 2800 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to TC 2800 via the TC 2800 Fax center located in Crystal Plaza 4, room 4-C23. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). The Group 2811 Fax Center number is (703) 308-7722 and 308-7724. The Group 2811 Fax Center is to be used only for papers related to Group 2811 applications.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or any earlier communication from the Examiner should be directed to *Examiner Nadav* whose telephone number is **(703) 308-8138**. The Examiner is in the Office generally between the hours of 7 AM to 4 PM

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(Eastern Standard Time) Monday through Friday. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Thomas, can be reached at **(703) 308-2772**.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the **Technology Center Receptionists** whose telephone number is **308-0956**.

Ori Nadav

October 4, 2002

Steven Loh
Supervisor
Steven Loh